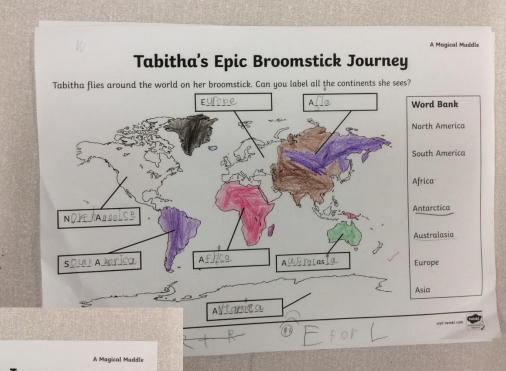


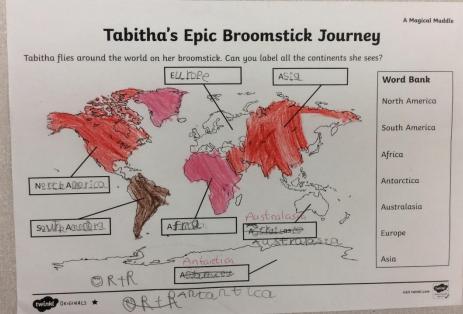


# Class Cremyll Geography What a wonderful world

"We live in England and that's in Europe."

"The boy and the penguin rowed to
Antarctica in our English book - 'Lost and found'."



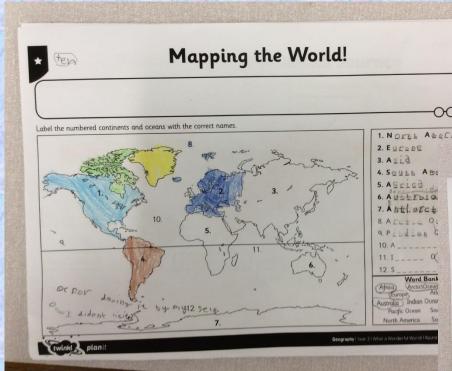


We learnt about the seven continents of the world.

Asia, Africa, North America, South America, Australasia, Europe and Antarctica. Next, we learnt about the 5 major oceans of the world.

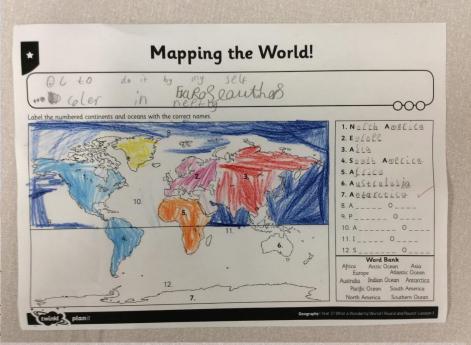
The Atlantic The Pacific The India

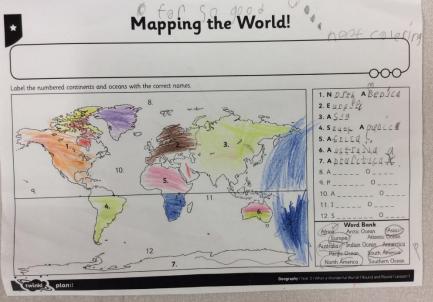
The Atlantic, The Pacific, The Indian Ocean, The Arctic Ocean and The Antarctic Ocean.



"The oceans wrap around all of the world."

"The oceans are bigger than the land."





We learnt about hot and cold climates and discussed how the animals and plants might be different between the two. Then we designed and created posters for different climates.



"Animals have thicker fur in cold climates like Antarctica."
"You find lizards in a hot climate."

# Geography

## FLE Y1/2

### What a Wonderful World





## Our Endpoint

Linked to Science; a poster about habitats, continents, animals and their key features.

### Forever Facts

The seven continents are Africa, Antarctica, Asia, Australia, Europe, North America and South America.

The five oceans are the Arctic, Southern, Indian, Atlantic and Pacific Ocean.

Europe is the second smallest confinent in size.

There are 50 countries in Europe.

Stonehenge and the Eiffel Tower are key landmarks in Europe.

Asia is the largest continent on Earth.

China and India are the countries where most people live.

Mount Everest is a key landmark in Asia.

The Sydney Opera house and The Great Barrier Reef are key landmarks in Australia.

The Sahara desert and the Egyptian Pyramids are key landmarks in Africa.

### **Exciting Books**



### SMSC

Spiritual - learning about and appreciating the world around US.

Social - speaking in groups/ team work/presenting information.

### Subject Specific Vocabulary

Continent	A connected or continuous tract of land
Ocean	A big sea
Equator	A line that separates the world into the Northern and Southern Hemisphere
Land	An area of ground.
Sea	A large area of salt water near the land.
Sphere	A 3D circle
Globe	The Earth.
Climate	The weather in an area over a long- period

### Skills:

To be able to use a map/atlas/ globe to identify places To identify key features on aerial photographs To listen and recall information