## Strategies for supporting pupils with Special Educational Needs and Disabilities in Geography lessons.

At Fourlanesend we strive to achieve the very best outcome for all of our pupils. We understand that for some children that means we have to provide additional support to support them in accessing the same learning opportunity as their peers. Although we have an extensive list of strategies we are very aware that every child is different and may require different strategies to those listed below, which we will endeavour to provide to the best of our abilities.

	Strategies that can be used to support named children, where appropriate to the individual.
Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder	<ul> <li>Ensure all resources are available for the children to explore prior to the lesson and, if support is needed to allow access to materials e.g. atlases, ensure the teacher or a TA is available.</li> <li>During fieldwork, give clear rules to follow for safety and focus for the lesson. Accept that being outside is exciting but remain firm that the L.O. is the focus.</li> <li>Allow time-out within the area of learning (if not learning in classroom e.g. fieldwork) where the child can calm down if needed - agree this space with the child and classroom staff as required.</li> <li>There are lots of opportunities within Geography for group work - depending on the child, ensure they have a 'role' within</li> </ul>
	the group and plan additional resources in case a pupil needs to work independently.
Anxiety	<ul> <li>Most strategies for helping those with anxiety will be the same within Geography - knowing the child will help, of course, and ensuring pre-teach is used where helpful.</li> <li>Reassurance, especially of difficult concepts e.g. lines of</li> </ul>
	latitude. longitude etc. and explaining several times in different ways e.g. atlas, map, globe.  • Time out or a short break if required.
	Where possible maintain seating arrangements and provide consistent groups so the child feels secure with who they are working with.
Autism Spectrum Disorder	<ul> <li>Geography lessons and fieldwork can be overwhelming for some children due to the changing nature of lessons - allow children time and space if overwhelmed.</li> <li>Some children may have definite ideas based on their prior</li> </ul>

	(incorrectly learned) knowledge which may need to be 'untaught'
	e.g which countries are in which continents, pyramids were in
	Ancient Rome etc be consistent when correcting ideas and
	have 'proof' e.g. atlas, globe, visual as well as written information
	sheets. Continue to go over these incorrect ideas with the new
	facts.
	Be able to show understanding in a range of ways including
	visual as well as written information – for extended writing,
	teacher or TA support may be required.
	<ul> <li>Physical resources, properly demonstrated, to be used.</li> </ul>
Dyscalculia	<ul> <li>Lots of practise looking from whole-world maps to sections -</li> </ul>
0	use physical props to help e.g. 'picture frame' - draw a frame
50	around an area and let the children explore the shapes of the
1	land and sea to help build links.
	• Support with quantitative data e.g. graphs, charts etc.
	<ul> <li>Visual aids and word-mats to help with vocabulary.</li> </ul>
	As well as the best practise for Dyslexic pupils e.g. font size and
Dyslexia	type, in Geography, the following will be helpful:
· /	<ul> <li>Visual aids and word-mats to help with vocabulary.</li> </ul>
	• Reading text-heavy atlas pages or summarising within handouts
	if required.
	• A range of showing understanding - visual, written, drawing,
	graphs etc.
	<ul> <li>A range of showing understanding - visual, written, drawing,</li> </ul>
Dyspraxia	graphs etc.
	• Support with quantitative data e.g. graphs, charts - provide
	scaffo <mark>lded</mark> graphs for data to be added to.
	Demonstrate any equipment to be used for Geography lessons
	or fieldwork.
	Pre-teach if required
Hearing Impairment	Demonstrate use of equipment
(	When completing fieldwork, agree a way of ensuring all
	children know when/where to return to if on school site - if cue
	is audio e.g. whistle, ensure partner/group will give visual cue -
	want to encourage independent fieldwork rather than providing
	TA support where not needed.
	Ensure instructions are understood before lesson begins and
	any additional instructions are provided in writing if required
	Visual aids and word-mats to help with vocabulary
	Let me leave and return to the classroom discreetly and
Toileting Issues	without having to get permission whenever I need the toilet.
Cognition and Learning	Visual aids and word-mats to help with vocabulary

Challenges	Demonstrate how to use equipment each time it is used for
	consistency and processing.
	Break down tasks into manageable chunks and demonstrate
	each step as required
	Writing support for extended writing including examples of
	text and scaffolded frame
	Step by step instructions
	Group and partner work within fieldwork to help stay on task
	and provide peer support.
Speech, Language &	<ul> <li>Visual aids and word-mats to help with vocabulary.</li> </ul>
Communication	Demonstrate how to use equipment each time it is used for
Needs	consistency and processing.
50	Break down tasks into manageable chunks and demonstrate
	each step as required.
	Writing support for extended writing including examples of
	text and scaffolded frame.
	• Step by step instructions with understandable vocabulary.
	<ul> <li>Group and partner work within fieldwork to help stay on task</li> </ul>
	and provide peer support.
	• Positive reinforcement and positive atmosphere within lessons.
Experienced	<ul> <li>Provide differentiated/tailored work to ensure pupils feel a</li> </ul>
Trauma	sense of security and achievability in their work to reduce
Paa	the se <mark>nse of being</mark> over whelmed.
	• Fieldwork and experiential Geography may involve discussions
	or trigger memories of trauma - knowing your children in
	advance is very important and allowing time, space and the
	ability to discuss (or not to share) is very important.
Visual Impairment	Enlarge maps and show them on the large screen.
^	Give the children time and opportunity to explore through
	touch e.g outlines of maps, textures to evoke discussion etc.

C.P. SCHOOL